

污染不仅发生在陆地上,还发生在地下水管和水下。环保署利用"无人采样潜艇"进入河流、海底和排污口管道,探测破损或隐藏的污水排放管道, 加强对污染活动的执法行动。它可以发现复杂排水网络中的潜在污染源,并采集水质样本。它配备实时多参数水质测量装置和水样本采样装置,可 进行实时水质监测。它还可以代替潜水员观察观察难以到达水域的水下环境、防淤泥帐缝和珊瑚生长情况。

Pollution occurs not only on land, but also in underground water pipes and underwater. EPD uses "Unmanned sampling submarine" to enter rivers, seabed, and pipes in outlets to detect broken or hidden effluent discharge pipes and strengthen the enforcement actions against pollution activities. It can discover potential sources of pollution in complex drainage networks, and collect water quality samples. It is equipped with a real-time multi-parameters water quality measurement device and water sampling device, which can perform real-time water quality monitoring. It can also replace divers to observe the underwater environment, silt curtains and coral growth in waters that are difficult for divers to reach.



